

Starting in SAS 9.4 M3, the ODS Destination for Excel can be used to create XLSX files containing graphical and non-graphical SAS procedure output. This presentation highlights several old and new features of this destination.

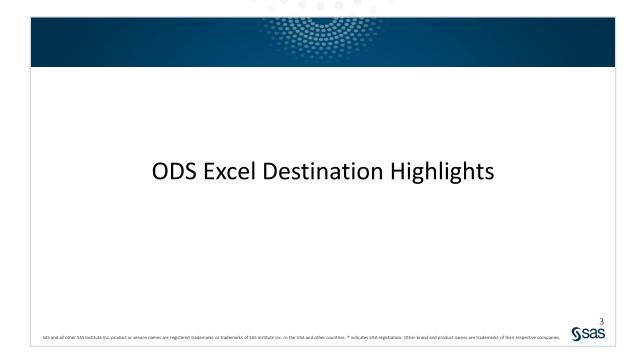


Agenda

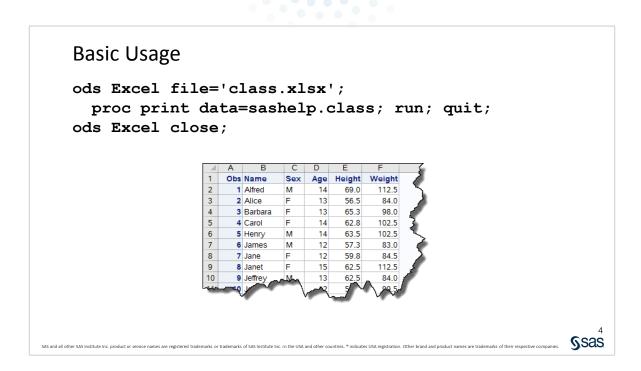
- Highlight existing features
- Show some new features

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Use the Excel ODS destination to create XLSX files for use with Microsoft Excel 2007 and later.

```
Text and Graphics — In the Same Sheet

ods graphics on;

Excel destination options (sheet_interval='none');

ods select BasicMeasures Histogram;

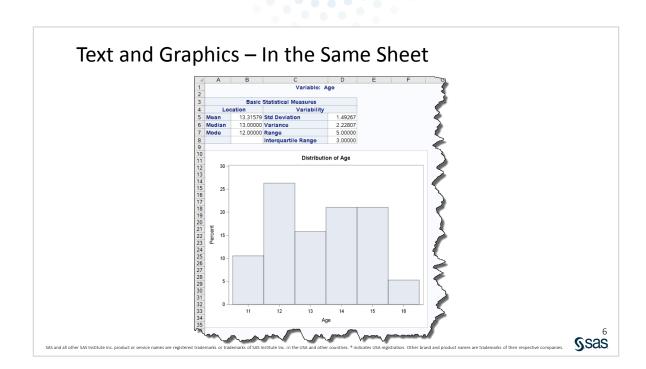
proc univariate data=sashelp.class;
 var age;
 histogram age / midpoints=11 to 16 by 1;

run; quit;

ods Excel close;
```

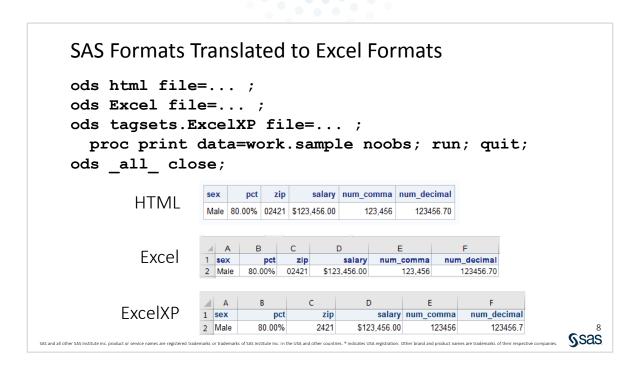
The Excel destination creates a new worksheet for each tabular result and for each graphic object by default. This code produces two worksheets if no options are specified.

Use the SHEET_INTERVALoption to include all output in the same worksheet.



```
SAS Formats Translated to Excel Formats
data work.sample;
            = 'M';
sex
            = 0.80;
pct
zip
            = 2421;
            = 123456;
salary
num comma
            = 123456;
num_decimal = 123456.7; User-defined format
                      pct percent8.2
format sex
            $gender.
            z5. salary dollar11.2
       zip
       num comma
                  comma8.
                           num decimal
                                         10.2;
run;
                                                    Ssas
```

The Excel destination automatically translates SAS formats to Excel formats, unlike the older tagsets. ExcelXP destination.



The HTML destination supports all SAS formats, and is a good reference point. The Excel destination matches HTML in all cases, but the older tagsets. ExcelXP destination has differences.



ODS Style Overrides – Change Style Attributes

PROC PRINT syntax:

```
var myvar / style(location)=[attribute=value];
```

PROC REPORT syntax:

```
define myvar / style(location)=[attribute=value];
```

PROC statement syntax:

```
proc report data=... style(location)=[attribute=value];
```



Style overrides are used to override style attributes, and make small changes to the appearance of your output.

Here is the general syntax for specifying style overrides.

The *location* specifies the location of the output that you want to change, such as HEADER for column headings, or COLUMN for data cells.

They are only supported by the PRINT, REPORT, and TABULATE procedures.

```
Overriding the Background Attribute

ods Excel file=...;

proc print data=sashelp.class;
    var name sex age;
    var height / style(column)=[background=papk];
    var weight / style(column)=[background=#ae82ed];
    run;

ods Excel close;
```

These style overrides specify one background color for data cells of the HEIGHT column, and a different color for the WEIGHT column.

You can use SAS color names or RGB color names.

Overriding the Background Attribute

_4	Α	В	С	D	E	F
1	Obs	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight
2	1	Alfred	M	14	69.0	112.5
3	2	Alice	F	13	56.5	84.0
4	3	Barbara	F	13	65.3	98.0
5	4	Carol	F	14	62.8	102.5
6	5	Henry	M	14	63.5	102.5
7	6	James	M	12	57.3	83.0
8	7	Jane	F	12	59.8	84.5
9	8	Janet	F	15	62.5	112.5
10	9	Jeffrey	M	13	62.5	84.0
11	10	John	M	12	59.0	99.5
12	11	Joyce	F	11	51.3	50.5
13	12	Judy	F	14	64.3	90.0
14	13	Louise	F	12	56.3	77.0
15	14	Mary	F	15	66.5	112.0
16	15	Philip	M	16	72.0	150.0
17	16	Robert	М	12	64.8	128.0
18	17	Ronald	М	15	67.0	133.0
19	18	Thomas	М	- 11	57.5	85.0
20	19	William	M	15	66.5	112.0

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```
Excel Number Formats – TAGATTR Attribute
data work.gainers losers;
infile cards;
length ticker $4 change 8.;
input ticker change;
cards;
     -13.34
AA
DM
      23.44
                   Display positive values
EBAY -10.12
GTLS 14.21
                   using green text,
HUYA -8.37
                   negative in red text
ΙQ
      -9.2
SNA
       9.5
TCP
      27.29
run;
                                                         Ssas
```

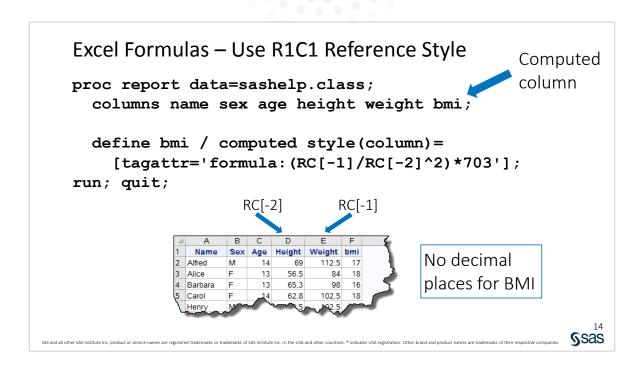
We would like to display the gainers in green text and the losers in red text. We accomplish this using an Excel number format.

```
Excel Number Formats – TAGATTR Attribute
ods Excel file=...;
proc print data=work.gainers losers noobs;
var ticker;
var change / style(column)=
  [tagattr='format:[green]#,##0.00;[red](#,##0.00)'];
run;
                                  1 ticker
ods Excel close;
                                  4 EBAY
                                  5 GTLS
                                  6 HUYA
                                          (8.37)
                                  7 IQ
                                          (9.20)
                                  8 SNA
                                          9.50
                                  9 TCP
                                                          Ssas
```

Here is an example of using a style override to apply an Excel number format. Use the TAGATTR attribute with the FORMAT keyword to specify the format.

Microsoft Excel supports color coding in a number format, but it is limited to these 8 color values:

Black, Green, White, Blue, Magenta, Yellow, Cyan, Red



You can use style overrides to apply Excel formulas.

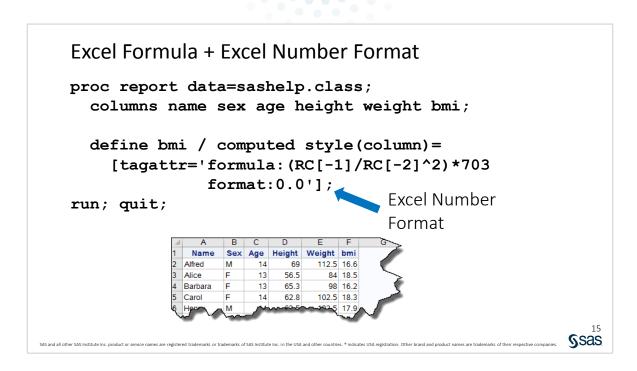
We use PROC REPORT to create a computed column with missing values.

Then w use the TAGATTR attribute with the FORMULA keyword to specify the Body Mass Index (BMI) formula:

```
BMI = (weight [lb.] / height [in.] **2) * 703
```

The R1C1 reference style allows us to programmatically specify the correct cells for repeating rows.





Use the TAGATTR attribute to display the BMI values with one decimal place.





```
Worksheet Tab Color

ods Excel file=...;

ods Excel options(sheet_name='Female Students' tab_color='papk');

proc print data=sashelp.class ...; run; quit;

ods Excel options(sheet_name='Male Students' tab_color='#83cbea');

proc print data=sashelp.class ...; run; quit;

ods Excel close;

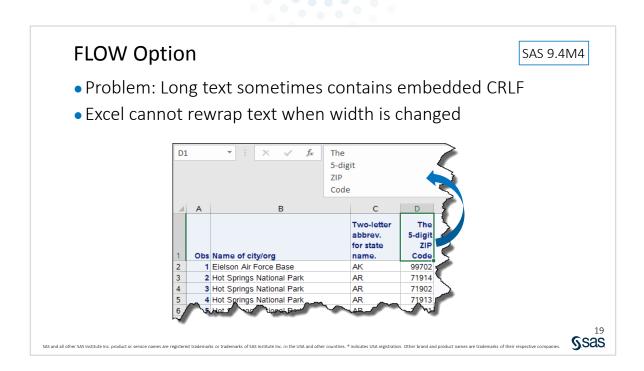
xsun; quit;
```

The Female Students worksheet tab is pink and the Male Students tab is blue.



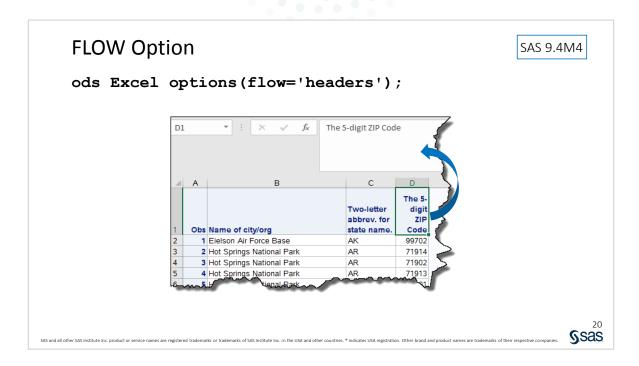
Worksheet Tab Color • Female Students tab selected • Male Students tab selected • Male Students Male Students Male Students Male Students Male Students * Male Students





The Excel destination chooses column widths that best fit the data. Wrapping of data is controlled by adding CRLF characters at the appropriate location in the text string.





The FLOW option prevents insertion of CRLF characters.

The column heading looks visually the same, but CRLF characters are not embedded in the value.

FLOW Option

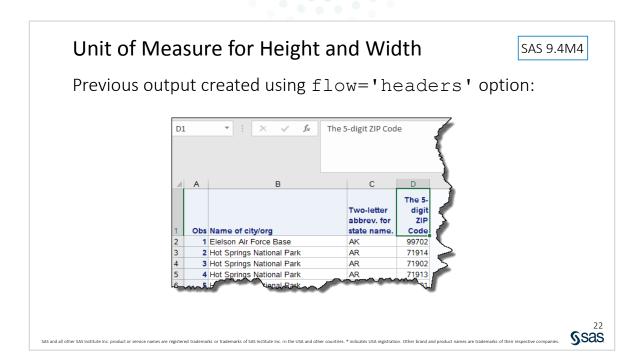
SAS 9.4M4

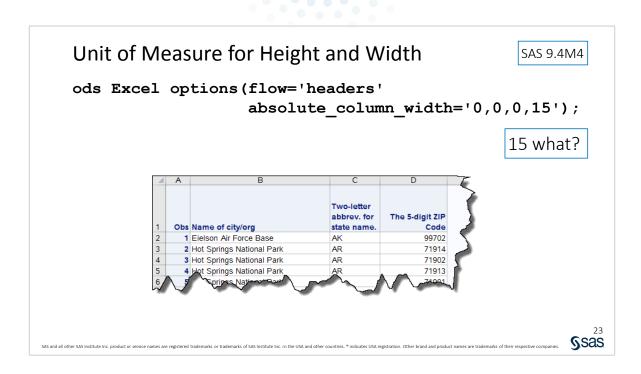
Supported values:

Value	Area Affected			
Cell value or range	Cell (A12) or range (C1:E4)			
DATA	Data cells			
HEADERS	Column headers			
ROWHEADERS	Row headers			
TABLES	DATA, HEADERS, and ROWHEADERS			
TEXT	Output from ODS TEXT and PROC ODSTEXT statements			

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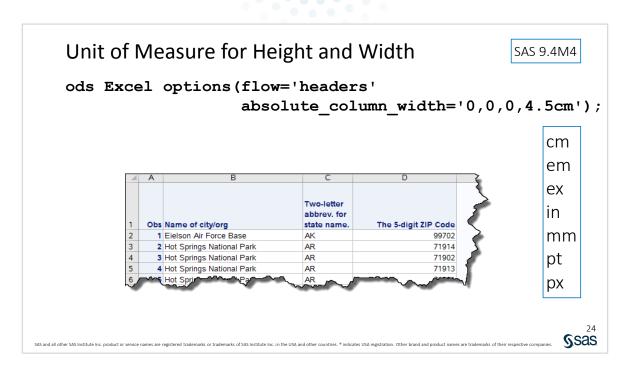
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Note how Column D heading text flowed due to the FLOW and ABSOLUTE_COLUMN_WIDTH options.

Use zero (0) to specify that the Excel ODS destination computes the column width.



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We avoid wrapping in the Column D heading text by specifying 4.5 cm for the width.

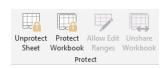


Protecting Worksheets

SAS 9.4M4

ods Excel options(protect_worksheet='on');

Review > Protect

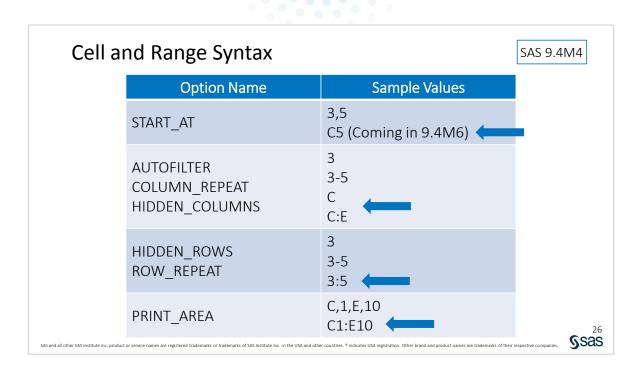


Password protection not supported

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You can protect a worksheet, but it can be unprotected because password protection is not supported.

This is useful to avoid accidental alteration of a worksheet.



Arrows indicate syntax supported in SAS 9.4M4 and later.



Resources

Documentation

tinyurl.com/y882pxgg

My papers

www.sas.com/reg/gen/corp/867226?page=Resources

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Contact Information

Please send questions, comments and feedback to:

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About the author:

Vince DelGobbo is a Senior Software Developer in the Platform Research and Development division at SAS. This group's responsibilities include the SAS/IntrNet Application Dispatcher and SAS Stored Processes. He is involved in the development of new Web- and server-based technologies, bringing 3rd-party metadata into SAS, and integrating SAS output with Microsoft Office. He was also involved in the early development of the ExcelXP ODS tagset. Vince has been a SAS Software user since 1982, and joined SAS in 1992.

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